MINUTES

OF THE

Eighty-Fifth Annual Session

OF THE

CHATTAHOOCHEE United Free-Will Baptist

ASSOCIATION

CONVENED WITH

TURNER'S CHAPEL CHURCH Taylor County, Georgia

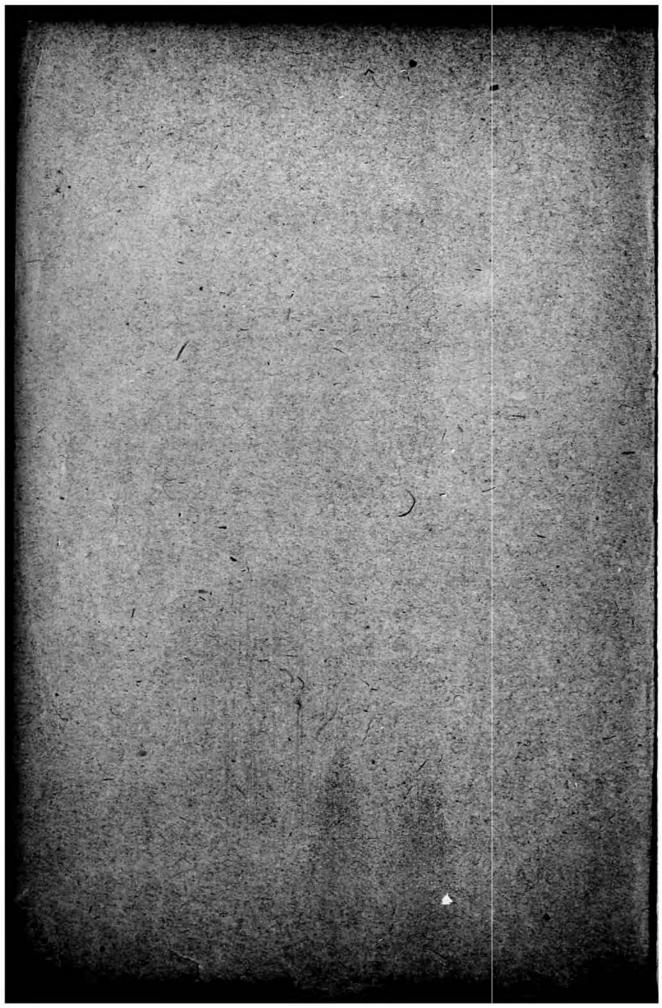
Commencing on Thursday Night Before the First Sunday in October, 1920.

OFFICERS:

REV. A. J. PARKER, Moderator, - Ellaville, Ga. REV. W. D. GILL, Clerk, - - - Junction City, Ga.

The Next Session Will Meet With Little Bethel Church of Macon County Georgia, Commencing on Thursday Night Before the First Sunday in October, 1921.

> HERALD PRINT, BUTLER, GA. NOVEMBER, 1920.



MINUTES

The Eighty-fifth annual session of the Chattahoochee United Freewill Baptist Association convened Turner's with Church, Taylor County, Ga., commencing on Thursday night before the first Sunday in October 1920. The introductory sermon was preached Friday at 11o'clock by Rev. J.J.Jones after an intermission of one and 1/2 hoursfor refreshments. The body was called to order by former Moderator, Rev. A. J. Parker. Next invited visiting bretheren to seats with us in the body. Next business in order was a call for corresponding letters and received letters from fourteen churches in the association. On motion of the body Bros. G. D. Perry and H. L. Lumpkin were appointed to read the letters, whichduty they performed and the names of delegates enrolled. The body was then permanently organized by electing Rev. A J Parker Moderator, and Rev W D Gill, Clerk.

Next appointed the various committees as follows:

On preaching—Bros. E J Wainwright, A A Windham, J B Amerson, J. W. Brewer and A. B. Posey.

On State of Churches and characterof the ministry—R. N McInvale, W M Melton J H Dunlap Buford Watson, A L Corley and A. R. Lawhorn.

On Finance—J J Jones, H L Lumpkin, W R Lawhorn and W. M. Shearley.

On Sabbath Schools—W J Lumpkin, E C Grimsley, W E Posey, W T Grimsley, G D Perry, W E James T V Simmons and G B Windham.

On Temperance—J J Little, C R Gassett, G M Bryan. T F Hendricks, Sam Daniel, W Bloodworth, A D Foster Sam Parker, and G. A. Plymale.

Next called for petitionary letters and received one from Phenix City church, Lee county Ala., Next called for corresponding messengers and received Rev. J. G. Harris from the Midway and Rev. W. H. Holmes from the Georgia Union and Rev. B. O. Brown from the Little River association.

On motion the body adjourned until Saturday morning at eight o'clock.

SECOND DAY'S SESSION.

Saturday morning at eight o'clock the body metaccording to adjournment. Singing, and prayer by Rev B O Brown.

Next received Rev. S. M. Boseman as a correspondent from the Little River Association.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES. ON PREACHING

Friday at 7:30 p m Rev E. C. Grimsley to preach. W P Posey to follow.—Saturday at 9:00 o'clock S MBose man to preach. G A Plymale to follow.—Saturday at 11:00 o'clock Rev W H Homer to preach.—Saturday at 7:30 p m J G.Harris to preach, W. J. Lumpkin to follow. Sunday at 9:00 o'clock B. O. Brown to preach. Sunday 11 o'clock Rev. A. J. Parker to preach. J. W. BREWER, Chairman

ON SABBATH SCHOOLS—We your committee make the fol lowing report: We find only five Sabbath Schools in the association and recommend that each church organize aschool and that each preacher and deacon put forth their best efforts in Sunday school work.

REV. E. C. Grimsley, Chairman.

ON TEMPERANCE

We your committee make the following report: We recommend that all church members in this association be temperate in all things because it is necessary for the advancement of the cause of Christ.

SAM PARKER, Chairman.

ON FINANCE

We your committee find paid in for minutes \$46.50. Paid in for correspondence \$37.45. We find in the hands of the Treasurer \$47.00. Total on hand \$130.95.

H L LUMPKIN, Chairman

ON STATE OF THE CHURCHES AND CHARACTER OF THE MINISTERS—We find that LaGrange church is out of order and recommend that this body return their letter and funds and that they be dropped from the Minutesof the association until they get in the right attitude. We find all other churches in good standing. We the committee find that Rev. W. H. Emer son is not doing his duty in regard to supporting his mother and recommend that his church take this matter up. We find that the rest of the ministers are in good standing.

R. N. McINVALE, Chairman

MISCELLANEOUS BUSINESS.

Appointed corresponding messengers to sister associations as follows: To Midway Rev G. A Plymale, To the Georgia Union, Revs H L Lumpkin, and A J Parker, To the Little River, Revs W R Lawhorn, A J Parker, To South Georgia, Revs A J Parker the Martin brothers, J H. Little, S N Little, The Ochlochnee Rev W. B. Posey, To South Eastern the State Line and the Tennessee River of Ala., by sending Minutes. By motion the body adjourned until 2:00 o'clock p. m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

At two o'clock p m the body met according to adjournment, singing, and prayerby Rev. H L. Lumpkin. Next agreed that this body meet with Little Bethel church, Macon county, Ga commencing on Thursday night before the first Sunday in October, 1921 and that Rev E C Grimsley preach the introductorysermon briday at 11 o'clock a m Rev W J Lumpkin, alternate. Delegates going by railroad will be met at Ideal, Ga on the A B & A on Thursday. Next appointed the executive committee, G. D Perry, A. R Lawhorn and A D Foster. Next agreed to pay the expenses of our correspondents which was \$44.50. Next agreed to pay Bro G D Perry \$15.00 for his expenses. Ordered that the clerk have 600 copies of the minutes printed and that he be paid \$15.00 for his services. Next agreed that Rev E. C. Grimsley write the next circular letter to this body.

Next appointed delegates to the State Convention as follows: Revs J J Jones, H L Lumpkin and Bro. R N. McInvale.

By motion the Body returned thanks to the church and community for their kindness and hospitality during this session of the association. After singing and prayer by the Moderator the body adjourned to meet with Little Bethel church twelve months hence. REV. A. J. PARKER, Moderator.

REV. W. D. GILL, Clerk.

OBITUARIES.

Departed this life May 30th, 1920 Sister Vera Bloodworth. Sister Bloodworth was 24 years of age and for nine years had been a faithful member of New Prospect church, Taylor County, Georgia. She leaves a husband, four children, a mother and a host of friends to mourn their loss. Sleep on sister and take thy rest till the morn eternal breaks.

REV. A. L. LANE.

Departed this life October 5th, 1920 Sister Mary Amerson. Sister Amerson was about seventy two years old and for the past six years had been a faithful member of New Prospect Church Taylor County Ga. She leaves besides a host of friends, one son and a number of grand-children and one brother to mourn their loss. Farewell dear sister till we meet in that Sweet Beyond.—REV. A. L. LANE.

IN MEMORY OF T.A.BRITT

Born Sept. 12, 1854, Died Jan 22, 1920. Bro. T A Britt was 64 years old, and leaves a wife and 4 children to mourn their loss. One child having preceded him to the great beyond several years ago. Bro. Britt was a Deacon of Providence Church, Muscogee County, Ga. and was one of the biggest hearted members of the Freewill Baptist ever known ever ready to stand by his church and its pas tor. He was highly spirited ever ready to sing and shout His praises.

I was his pastor for 10 years and when in his home his advice to me was as that of a father. His church came first. He stood for principles of advancement and progress. May his sorrowing wife and children prepare to meet him beyond the skies where parting is no more. By his pastor,

REV. H. L. LUMPKIN.

PROCEEDINGS OF UNION MEETINGS.

The Union meeting of the Second District met with Bethany Church, Marion County, Ga. commencing on Friday night before the Third Sunday in July 1920. The introductory sermon was preached Saturday at 11 o'clock a m by Rev. W. D. Gill After 90 minutes for refreshments the body was called to order the former Moderator E. C. Grimsley. Next called for and received Letters from the various churches in the District. The Body then organized by electing Rev. E. C. Grimsley, Moderator and Rev. B. F. Green, Clerk. Next appointed Committees. Next appointed Rev. W. J. Lumpkin and Bro. E. L. Corley, as correspond dents to the first District Union Meeting. By motion it was agreed that this Body meet with New Life Church, Marion County, Ga., commencing on Friday before the Third Sunday in July, 1921. Rev. W. J. Lumpkin to preach theIntroductory sermon, Saturday at 11 o'clock, A. M. Delegates going by railroad will be met at Mauk Ga., on Friday.

> REV. E. C. GRIMSLEY, Moderator. REV. B. F. GREEN, Clerk.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

G. D. Perry, Ideal, Ga.; A. R. Lawhorn, Butler, Ga.; A. D. Foster, Mauk, Ga.

	TIVE COMMITTEE.
G. D. Perry, Ideal, Ga Daniel, Mauk, Ga.	a.; A. R. Lawhorn, Butler, Ga.; James
CHURCHES CL	ERKS AND POSTOFFICES
Trinity, Buford Watson,	Charing, Ga
Liberty Chapel, W. H. Bos	ssman, Macon, Ga
Pleasant Hill, O. H. Crom	ier, Ellaville, Ga
New Prospect, A. B. Pose	ey, Reynolds, Ga
Little Bethel, R. N. McInv	aleldeal, Ga.
	, Sumner, Ga
New Prospect, G. C. King	Shingler, Ga.
Beulan, A. R. Lawnorn, _	Butler, Ga
Bethony, John Grimsley,	Butler, Ga Geneva, Ga Wainwright, Butler, Ga.
Bethel, E. J. Wade,	Warwick, Ga
Mt. Olive, A. H. Windhai	m, Reynolds, Ga
New Life, Lee Daniel,	Mauk, Ga
Spring Hill, S. R. Lawhorn	n, Buena Vista, Ga.
Province, J. M. Tomblin,	Columbus, Ga
North Highlands, Lucy Lo	vick, Columbus, Ga
Friendship, J. R. Baty,	Smithville, Ga
Phoenix City, W. B. McDa	niel Smithville, Ga
MINI	ISTERIAL ROLL.
	Macon, Ga
Rev C W R chardson	Forsyth Ga.
	(2017) B. H.
Rev. D. E. Green,	Ideal, Ga
Rev. J. J. Jones,	Ideal, Ga Mauk, Ga
Rev. B. r. Green,	Mauk, Ga
Rev. W. J. Lumpkin	Mauk, Ga
Rev. E. C. Grimsley,	Mauk, Ga
Rev. W. T. Lovick,	Reynolds, Ga
Dev. W. D. Gill,	Junction City, Ga
Rev. W. H. Emerson,	Butler, Ga
Rev. H. L. Lumpkin,	Mrrk, Ga
Rev. A. J. Parker,	Elleville, Ga
	Ashburn, Ga
Rev. W. B. Posey,	Butler, Ga
Rev. J. V. Klosser,	Reynolds, Ga
Rev. A. L. Lane,	Charing, Ga
Rev. J. H. Quinn,	Columbus, Ga
Pev. R. L. Burnett,	Reynolds Ga.
Rev. O. C. Bridges,	Ellaville. Ga
Rev. W. R. Lawhorn,	Butler, Ga
Rev. J. H. Burdeshaw,	145 4th Ave. Phenix City, Ala
Rev. W. T. Grimsley,	Mank, Ga
C. H. Moore,	Reynolds. Ga.
	LICENTIATES.
D. G. Belknap,	Crump's Park, Ga
S. A. Cromer.	Ellaville, Ga
E. J. Wade	Warwick, Ga
G. A. Plymale.	Reynolds, Ga
W. N. Pruitt.	Ashburn, Ga.
The second secon	

CHURCH ORGANIZATION.

Preliminaries. When several believers wish to be organized into a church, they request a council from some sister church. This council or committee (commonly called an arm) examines into the Christian character, doctrine and fellowship of the applicants, and their ability to sustain a church. If the examination is satisfactory, the organization proceeds as follows:

The Bible is presented as the only rule of faith and practice. A church covenant is read and adopted. A prayer of consecration is offered. The hand of fellowship is given. The church then proceeds to elect its officers, which are a clerk, a treasurer, a pastor, and a board of directors, who constitute, with the pastor, a committee to promote order, activity, attendance, and the means of grace, benevolence, and sufficient discipline in the church. Deacons should possess sound piety, good business capacity and large benevolence. They hold office at the pleasure of the church. They assist in baptism and the Lord's Supper, have care of the poor, and conduct religious meetings in the absence of the pastor.

CONSTITUTION.

Resolved, That we form an association upon the principles laid down in the Holy Scriptures, to-wit: Associations appear from Scripture and ecclesiastical history to have been originally formed, not from any positive injunction, either from Christ or His Apostles, but from mere expediency for the purpose of concentrating the efforts of individual churches and bringing them to bear with greater energy upon the subjects designed to be accomplished by those churches. They were also considered as advisory council, and resorted to as such, but never claimed any right of lording it over God's heritage, nor was their advice considered binding on the churches. In a word, associations were wholly dependent on churches, and churches were not dependent upon associations, and notwithstanding the power abrogated to themselves by some modern Baptist associations, we view them as being nowhere precedented by the primitive usages of any self-created bodies.

We, the delegates from our respective churches, being authorized by our churches, to agree to form ourselves into an association, to be known by the name of the Chattahoochee United Free Will Baptist Association, and we promise not to withdraw ourselves from this association without first stating

our reasons to the body for such intended withdrawal.

It is proposed by the association, first to promote revivals of religion by camp and protracted meetings. Secondly, to take an active part in Home Missions. It is not intended by this association to discuss queries. It is not the design of this association to interfere in any way with the independence of churches

composing it. It was not intended to establish creeds, rules of discipline, or make any law whatever to bind the churches, but to leave each church to regulate its own affairs.

We, as an association, take the Old and New Testaments as

our confession of faith, as relates to the independency.

We believe that a duly organized church consists of a congregation of saints baptized upon a creditable profession of faith in Christ. Christ is the only Christian lawgiver and supreme head of the churches, and the word of God the only infallible rule of faith and practice. Every man has an inalienable right to private judgment in concerns of religion, and an equal right to express his opinion in any way which will not violate the laws of God or the rights of his fellow man.

A church has a right to adopt such measures only as are in accordance with the Word of God, and such are deemed neces-

sary to carry into effect the great system of practice.

The church is the highest ecclesiastical tribunal on earth.

from whose decision there is no appeal.

No change, alteration or amendment shall be made to this constitution until such change, alteration or amendment shall have been presented to all the churches composing this association, and when two-thirds of all the churches composing this association shall have adopted or recommended in two of their regular conferences successively such change, alteration or amendment, it shall then become a part and parcel of this constitution.

Read and adopted the above as the constitution of the Chat-

tahoochee United Free Will Raptist Association.

CHURCH DECORUM.

1. The church may choose a pastor annually at the last regular conference in the associational year; or, if they prefer, it may choose a pastor for an indefinite length of time to continue from year to year, so long as they may deem it proper to keep up the connection.

2. When it becomes necessary, a pastor may be chosen at any other time; but if the choice be made at a special conference, the time must be appointed at a monthly meeting of the

church.

3. The pastor shall be moderator of the church, but when he is absent or does not sit as moderator, some suitable brother

shall be appointed to sit in his place.

4. There shall be two or more deacons in the church whose duty it shall be to superintend the collection and disbursement of the contributions made by the church for the pastor, etc., and to distribute the bread and wine in the administration of the Lord's Supper.

5. The deacons shall take notice of such members as refuse

or neglect to partake of the Lord's Supper and endeavor to ascertain the cause, that the same may be laid before the church

in conference if necessary.

6. Some suitable member shall be appointed clerk and it shall be his duty to do all the recording and other writing pertaining to the business of the church, and to preserve a file of the minutes of the association.

7. When a new clerk is appointed, all the books, etc., belonging to the clerk shall be immediately delivered to him by

his predecessor.

8. When it becomes necessary, a committee of not less than three male members well acquainted with business, shall be appointed, whose duty it shall be to give advice to brethren who apply to them relative to cases of dealing, etc., with the church.

9. The church shall hold a two days meeting monthly, embracing Saturday and the Lord's Day following, the first of

which shall be the regular time of conference.

10. It shall be the duty of every member, male and female, to attend each conference meeting if they can, for on that day the pastor is expected to instruct the church in spiritual manner by giving plain and pointed lessons on doctrine, discipline and the rule of holy living.

11. Any male member who shall fail to attend three successive conferences, and any member whatever who may be generally remiss in attending the meetings of the church according the covenant (Article 10), shall be cited to appear in conference and answer for his neglect, but the church may exempt

members from this rule if necessary.

12. Conferences shall be opened and conducted as follows:
1. Prayer (unless divine service has just been conducted and generally then). 2. Invite visiting brethren to seats. 3. Open the door for the reception of members. 4. Call for absentees. 5. For acknowledgements, 6. For references or deferred business. 7. For matters of dealing which are in order to come before the church. 8. Miscellaneous business.

13. Visiting brethren, as helps called in from sister churches, shall be allowed to speak and make motions or

seconds, but not allowed to vote.

14. Any orderly member of the Baptist church who does not hold this church in membership, may be received into the church without a letter, when it is made apparent that his Christian character is unimpeachable, and that he has applied for a letter and could not obtain it because he desired to join this or some sister church. All other members must join by letter or baptism.

15. No member shall be received without the unanimous consent of the members present, but unreasonable objections shall not be valid, and unless withdrawn the member who makes them shall be liable to be taken under dealing by the church.

16. When the moderator calls for absentees, the clerk shall inform the church that members have been absent for three successive conferences, and the moderator shall appoint some brother or brethren to cite each of them to the next conference.

17. No member shall be expelled unless he has been cited

verbally or in writing, to attend his trial; provided his residence be known to the church.

16. When a witness, not a member of the church, is introduced, he shall not be examined till the question has been put to the church: "Will you hear the testimony of this witness?"

19. The evidence in every case of dealing and acknowledge-

ment shall be minuted in the church book.

20. Members dismissed from the church by letter who become disorderly, or continue to hold their letters without a good reason. shall be cited to the conference to answer for their conduct.

21. Expelled members may be restored to fellowship on their petition if their walk since expulsion has convinced the church that they have sincerely repented of their former evil.

22. A vote shall not be taken on any question without a move and a second, and in all important questions the vote shall be taken by rising on their feet.

23. No other motion shall be considered while a previous

motion and second is before the conference.

24.It shall be considered disorderly for a member to absent himself from conference when an important question is to be decided; but a member upon his request, may be excused by the church from voting on either side in peculiar cases.

25. No member shall leave the house during conference without a sufficient cause nor engage in conversation or whispering without being subject to be called to order by the

moderator.

26. All discussions in conference must be conducted with calmness and good feeling; those who speak must rise to their feet and address the moderator, and keep to the point in debate.

27. No one shall speak more than three times on the same motion without permission from the moderator, nor shall the remarks of any one be unreasonably long.

28. When the moderator speaks he must nominate some

brother in his stead.

29. No one shall be interrupted while speaking unless it be

necessary to call the speaker to order.

30. It shall be the rule of the church to attend to the administration of the Lord's Supper at least four times a year, and the expenses are to be paid by the church.

31. Members not in good standing shall not commune, but the administration shall not be deferred on account of any

ordinary matter of dealing.

32. Feet washing shall be attended to as the church sees proper.

33. Public fasting, humiliation and prayer shall be ob-

served on proper occasions.

34. This decorum may be amended or altered by the vote of two-thirds of the members present at any two successive monthly meetings.

GOVERNMENT AND ORDINANCES.

 We believe that a Gospel Church, or a church of Christ, is a congregation of Christians constituted and governed according to the rules laid down in the New Testament.

2. That those rules require churches to preserve the form of government and the ordinances of the first Christian churches

and to be composed of baptized believers in Christ.

3. That the visible church as the aggregate or whole-number of Gospel churches, and that the invisible church is composed of the redeemed now in heaven, and of such Christians on earth as are not attached to the visible church, according to the Gospel rules.

4. That the establishment of a central or catholic government over the visible church, or any part thereof, is a devise of earthly ambition repugnant to the Word of God, subservient

to the churches and dangerous to the liberty of men.

5. The Gospel churches are the only ecclesiastical bodies or tribunals authorized by the Scriptures; that each church has the unrestricted right to administer its own government without supervision or interference, being under Christ essentially, independent and absolute; and that if this right be surrendered to a superintending jurisdiction by delegation or otherwise, the

assembly ceases to be a Gospel church.

6. That churches may nevertheless, we suppose, meet by delegates, form an association and declare the terms upon which they will keep up the correspondence; but that the rights and authority of churches being inalienable, or in no wise compromised or hindered by entering into an association, and therefore an association has no authority over churches or individuals, their only power being to transact business which does not pertain to churches in their ecclesiastical capacity; to promote mutual intercourse, and a concentration of voluntary effort, and to give that advice to churches which might with equal authority be given by any individual.

7. That the authority of the churches is designed for the perpetuation of the true religion of the Gospel, and for the preservation of a true and orderly body of Christians on earth; that it is fully sufficient for the purpose intended, but that it does not extend to persons, property or the consciences of men

in any manner whatever.

8. That the only requisites to church membership are faith in Christ and obedience to the Gospel; that faith in Christ necessarily exists in connection with the belief in the fundamental truths of Christ anity, and that to prescribe any other requisite of such membership is an assumption of authority on the part of the church and a departure from the Gospel plan.

9. That the officers of a church are elders and deacons; that the elders are also called bishops or pastors; and all the elders are equal in rank, though they may perform different functions—since some may be the bishops or pastors of particu-

Tar churches, while others may be simply elders, having no pas-

toral charge.

10. That the authority of a minister of the Gospel extends to teaching, exhortation and rebuke, but no further; that he cannot perform any acts that belong to the authority of the church—such as the reception of members into the church compact, or the expulsion of offenders; that as a member of the church he is no more than any other member, and if he is guilty of transgression he is to be brought to trial before his brethren and convicted or acquitted in the same manner as if he was a private person; yet we think it prudent to call in advisory help, especially if the minister is to be tried upon a charge of heresy.

11. That Christian baptism is the immersion of a believer in water, in the name of the Father, and of the Son and of the

Holy Ghost.

12. That the Lord's Supper and washing the saints' feet are ordinances to be observed in the church until the Lord comes.

- 13. That elders and deacons must be set apart to their office by ordination, or the imposition of the hands of the presbytery and prayer, without which they are not authorized to administer the ordinances pertaining to their respective offices.
- 14. No preacher shall be ordained unless called to take charge of a church as pastor, or for some other good and sufficient reason.

ARTICLES OF FAITH AND DOCTRINAL VIEWS

1. We believe that the Holy Bible was written by mea divinely inspired and is a treasure of heavenly instruction; that it has God for its author, salvation for its end, the truth without any mixture of error for its matter; that it reveals the principles by which God will judge us, and therefore it shall remain with us to the end of time the true center of Christian union and the supreme standard to which all human conduct and opinions conform.—Rev. 13:14; John 5:39.

That there is one true and living God, whose name is Jehovah, the maker and ruler of heaven and earth, inexpressible glorious in holiness, worthy of all possible honor, confidence and love, revealed in the personal distinction of Father, Son and Holy Ghost, equal in every divine perfection, and executing distinct but harmonious offices in the great work of redemption.

-Ex. 6:3; Psa. 33:18.

3. That man was created in a state of holiness under the law of his maker, but by voluntary transgression fell from that holy and happy state, in consequence of which men are now sinners, not by constraint, but by choice, being by nature utterly devoid of holiness required by the law of God, wholly given to the gratification of the world, of Satan and their own sinful

passions, and therefore are under just condemnation to eternal ruin without defense or excuse.—Gen. 1:27, 2:7, 3:6, 19, 23.

4. That the salvation of sinners is wholly of grace, through the mediatorial office of the Son of God, who took upon himself our nature, yet without sin, honored the law by his own personal obedience, and made atonement for sin by his death; being risen from the dead, he is now enthroned in heaven, and uniting in his wonderful person the tenderest sympathies with divine perfection in every way qualified to be suitable, compassionate and all sufficient Savior.—Epn. 2:5, 5:8, Rom. 7:11.

5. That the Gospel blessings which Christ in his fullness bestows on such as believe in him, is justification. That this justification consists in the pardon of sin and promise of eternal life, upon principles of righteousness; that it is bestowed not in consideration of anything we do, but solely through his own righteousness and atonement, and that it brings us into a state of most blessed peace and favor with God.—Rom. 8:30, Ezek.

18:28; John 3:14, 16, Rom. 8:17.

6. That the blessings of salvation are made free to all by the Gospel; that it is the immediate duty of all to receive them by a cordial and obedient faith and that nothing prevents the salvation of the greatest sinner upon earth, but his own voluntary refusal to submit to the Lord Jesus Christ, which refusal will subject him to an aggravated condemnation.—Mark 16:16, John 17:20; Isa. 20.

- 7. That in order to be saved we must be regenerated, or obedience to the Gospel; and that its evidence is found in the holy fruits which we bring forth to God.—John 3:3-8, Matt. 3:8-10.
- 8. That election is the gracious purpose of God, according to which he regenerates, sanctifies and saves sinners, it being perfectly consistent with the free agency of man, that it comprehends all means with the end; that it is a glorious display of God's goodness, being infinitely wise, holy, unchangeable; born again; that regeneration consists of giving a holy disposition to the mind and is affected in a manner above our comprehension by the power of the Holy Spirit, producing voluntary that it utterly excludes boasting and promotes humility, prayer, praise, trust in God and active imitation of his free mercy, that it encourages the use of means in the highest degree; that it is the foundation of Christian assurance, and that to ascertain it with regard to ourselves, demands and deserves our utmost diligence.

9. That the preserving attachments of true believers to Christ is the grand mark which distinguishes them from superficial possessors; that a special Providence watches over their welfare, and that they are kept by the power of God through

faith unto salvation.-Eph. 1:1-2.

10. That the law of God is the eternal, unchangeable rule of his Government; that it is holy, just and good; that the inability which the Scriptures ascribe to fallen man to fulfill its precepts, arises entirely from his love of sin; to deliver him through a mediator to unfeigned obedience to the holy law, is one design of the Gospel and of the means of grace connected with the establishment of the visible church.—Matt. 5:13, Luke 10:13-20, 14:17.

11. That the first day of the week is the Lord's day, or Christian Sabbath; that it should be kept sacred to religious purposes by abstaining from all secular labor and recreation; by the direct observance of all means of grace, both public and private, and preparation for that rest which remains for the children of God.—Ex. 19:8, Heb. 4:9, Thess. 1:7, Psa. 16:9.

12. That civil government is of divine appointment for the interest and good order of human society, that magistrates are to be prayed for conscientiously, honored and obeyed in all things not contrary to the will of our Lord Jesus Christ, who is the Lord of the conscience and Prince of the kings on earth.—

Ex. 23:7, Acts 23:5, Tim. 5:17.

13. That there is a radical and essential difference between the righteous and the wicked; that such only as are justified by faith in the name of the Lord Jesus, and sanctified by the Spirit of God are truly righteous in his esteem, while such as continue in impenitence and in unbelief, are in his sight wicked and under this curse, and this distinction holds good among men

both in and after death.-Matt. 25:46; Mark 16:16.

14. That the end of this world is approaching, when Christ will descend from heaven and raise the dead from their graves to final retribution; that a solemn separation will then take place, the righteous being adjudged to everlasting happiness, and the wicked to endless punishment, and this judgment will fix forever the final state of man in heaven or hell, on principles of righteousness.—John 5:25, Matt. 25:34:41:46.

14 Chattahoochee United Freewill Baptist Association

CHURCH LETTER.

FromChurch County, Ga
To the members and messengers composing the Chattahoochee
United Free Will Baptist Association to convene with
ChurchCounty,
We have called Brofor our pastor for the ensuing year. Spiritual condition of the church
Time of meetingSunday, Served by Rev
We send as representatives Received b,
letter; received by profession of faith; received by experience; number expelled; dismissed by letter; paid for minutes;
paid for correspondence; paid for building and repairing
churches; ordained ministers; P. O
total membership of church; number who have died
day of
This done by order of the church in conference this
Church Clerk, P. O
Moderator, P. O

ORDER OF BUSINESS OF UNION MEETINGS.

- The body called to order by the Moderator if he is present, if not the body may select some suitable member to act as Moderator, pro tem.
- 3. Election of Moderator and Clerk.
- 4. Invite visiting brethren to seats.
- 5. Appointment of committees.
- 6. Call for correspondent.
- 7. Appointment of correspondents.
- 8. Appoint time and place of holding next session.
- 9. Call for reports of committees.
- 10. Call for miscellaneous business.
- 11. Call for reading and adopting minutes.
- 12. Adjournment.

STATISTICAL TABLE

STATISTICAL TABLE			zed by Letter issed by Let	te Fund	ing Sunday		
Mt Olive Taylor Pleasant Hill Schley New Life Marion	J A Dunlap, E. J. Wainwright, A. A. Windham W E James, G D Perry, B N McInvale, T V Simmor G. B Windham, J B Amerson, J. M. Brewer.	A J Parker E C Grimsley _ A J Parker	de de la companya de	2 \$ 6.00 4 12.45 1 10.00 4 3.00 1 5.00 3			The second second
New Prospect Turner	J. H. Little, T. J. Little C R Gassett, Buford Watson. E. L. Corley A. R. Lawhorn, E. R. Lane W. M. Shirley, A. D. Posey, W. Blodworth, Sam Parker	L S Yates E C Grimsley A L Lane J J J ones W C Jones	-	10.00 3 5.00 4 5.00 3 5.00 3 5.00 1 5.00 2 6.00 4	2 1	3 4	
Bethel Worth North Highland Muscogee _ Friendship Sumter Corinth Marion	Not Represented Not Represented						