MINUTES

OF THE

Twenty-Fifth Annual Session

OF THE

GEORGIA UNION United Free-Will Baptist Association

CONVENED WITH

LITTLE BETHEL CHURCH Bleckley County, Georgia

Commencing on Thursday Night Before the Second Sunday in October, 1919.

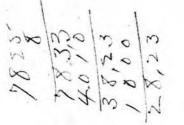
OFFICERS:

REV. W. H. HOLMES, Moderator,			Ha	wkinsville, Ga.
W. T. RUSTIN, Clerk,		-10		Vienna, Ga.
C. H. HOBBS, Treasurer,	1.1.			Cordele, Ga.
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The Next Sesion Will Meet With Pleasant Hill Church, Dooly County, Georgia, on Thursday Night Before the Second Sunday in October, 1920

> HERALD PRINT, BUTLER, GA. December 1919

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PROCEEDINGS OF THE GEORGIA UNION ASSOCIATION.

The twenty-fifth Annual Session of the Georgia Union United Freewill Baptists Association convened with Little Bethel Church, Blakely County, Georgia, on Thursday night before the Second Sunday in October, 1919.

The Introductory Sermon was preached by Rev. E. W. Wright, from the Eight Chapter of Corinthians; closed by Rev. N. G. Powell.

Adjourned until 2:30 o'clock for refreshments.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Reassembled at 2:30 o'clock, singing hymn Number 44. in Herald Songs and reading a part of the 62nd Chapter of Isaiah and prayer by the Moderator, W H Holmes. The Clerk, W T Rustin, being present the Moderator called for Corresponding Letters. Fifteen Churches responded to the the call, Revs. A J Parker, and N H Parrish were appointed to read the letters, which duty they performed and the names of the Churches and Delegates enrolled were as follows:

New Ebernezer-J B Langford, A G Cook, J W. Nobles, W O Langford.

Bay Springs-J V Lamb, J W Horne, G N Williams, W C Coleman, R L Horne.

Alamo-D R Coleman, Agness Coleman.

Bethlehem-J B Bryant.

Christian Hill-J R Lacey, T B Rhodes, John Ogibbee, G W Rhodes, Bartlett Barker.

Pleasant Hill-R M McGlamory W W Hobbs, A L Davidson, M N Lupor, L B Shira, E C Davidson.

Freewill Union-B F Scarborough, T W Holder, G W Antioch-J H Owen, C J Ha vey.

Meyers.

Mt. Arrarat-W L Peacock, J W Peacock, J H Smith, R M. Kirkley, B S Sheffield J M Wright.

Loves Chapel-By Letter.

Union Chapel-E M Powell, W F Farmer.

Double Branch-A J Dunaway, R H Meshburn, W G Dunaway, Ed Brinkley.

Little Bethel-R J Smith, Willie Hobbs, Henry Starting, Jeff Smith, W O Knighton.

Center Grove-W W Potter.

Mt. Zion-Ossie Nixson, W H Powell, J M Sandford, W F. Yeoman.

By motion the letters be received and the delegates seated On motion to elect Mode alor and Clerk, by ballot.

Revs. A J Parker, N H Parish were appointed to countvotes af ter which they announced that Rev. W H Holmes was elected Moderator, W T Rustin, Clerk, C H Holbs, Treasurer.

On motion to dispense with the regular order of business and appoint a committee on Devotion.

Committee on Devotion-W O Knighton, Rufus Smith, from the Church, J W Peacock, C J Harvey, A L Davidson, from the body.

Next called for petitionary letters. Received none.

Called for correspondance messengers from sister associations. Received Revs. L S Ystes, from the Martin, and A J

Farker, I J Jones, from the Chattaheechee, C C Butle., from South Georgia, all reporting their Associations on the upward trend in spiritual progress. By motion they be extende dthe right hand of fellowship, and they be seated in the body.

By motion to hear the passed report of the Committee on Devotion.

On motion to adjourn until 8:30 Oclock Saturday A. M. Prayer by Rev. L S Yates.

SATURDAY MORNING SESSION.

Met per adjournment. Sung There is a Fountain. Called to order by the Moderator. Prayer by Elder N G Powell.

On motion the Mode ator appointed the various Committees which are as follows:

On Finance-N H Parrish, B F Horne, J B Langford, E C Davidson, J R Smith.

Home Missions-N C Powell, W W Potter.

Sabbath Schools-J W Nobles, J N Williams, J H Owen, J W Horne, W T Farmer, W H Yeoman.

Resolutions—A J Dunaway, E D Land. W O Langford, W H Powell, J H Starting.

State of Churches and Character of Ministers— A G Cock R M McGlamory, R H Mashburn, E M Powell, W L Peacock. J B Bryant, J RLacey.

Temperance-R G B Horne, M N Lupor, W C Coleman, Bartlett Barker, J M Wright, R L Horne.

Obituaries-E W Wright, L B Shira, B S Shephard, R M Kirkley, J V Lamb.

Voted to dispense with the regular order of business, and take up miscellaneous business.

By motion that the minute stand as it is.

By motion to elect President of the Home Mission Board Elder N H Parish was elected to that office.

By motion we have six hund ed copies of our minutes printed.

By motion to appoint correspondances to sister associations.

Elder Neal H Parrish, W T Rustin, to the Little Rive: Association.

Elder W H Holmes, W C Coleman, Neal H Parrish to the Chattahoochee Association.

J V Lamb, J R Smith, Rev E W Wright to the Martin Association.

Georgia Union United Free-Will Baptist Association 3

To the Midway Association by sending Minutes.

To the New Salem, of Florida, Rev. Neal H. Parrish, W T Rustin, J H Starting.

Rev. W H Holmes, to the South Georgia Association.

To the Ogeechee Association, Rev Neal H. Parrish.

By motion of the body that the Executive Committee visit Bell View Church and request them to discontinue the name of the Freewill Baptist as long as they practice the so-called Unknown Tongue without an interpreter in the Church.

By motion we, the Georgia Union Association, do not hold fellowship with the Liberty Association, is that they have departed from the faith and practice of the Freewill Baptists of Georgia in that they hold to and practice Holly Rollerism, and advocate the so-called unknown Tongue in their churches.

By motion Rev. N H Parrish read the Associational Decorum.

Motion to adjourn until 2:30 o'clock p. m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Met per adjournment singing hymn Number 250 in His Praises. Prayer by Bro. W O Langford. Voted that the next session of this body be held with Pleasant Hill Church in Dooly County, Georgia, commencing on Thursday night before the Second Sunday in October, 1920.

The introductory sermon will be preached at 11 o'clock by Rev. N G Powell; Rev. N H Parrish alternate.

Delegates and messengers will be met at Cordele, Georgia on Thursday.

By motion th eModerator appointed the Executive Committee which was as follows:

A G Cook, A J Dunaway, J R Lacey, C H Hobbs, W L Peacock.

By motion we give our Clerk \$10.00 for his services.

By motion we give Rev. N H Parish, \$8.30 out of the Home Mission funds to help pay his expenses in visiting the various chu ches in the Association.

By motion the Moderator appointed Rev. N H Parrish to visit St. Paul Church in Lee County, Georgia, to investigate the conditions of the church and report at the next session of the association.

By motion we pay corresponding messengers expenses.

By motion to hear report of the committees. Report of Sabbath School Committee.

We, your Committee, beg to make this our report: We find upon investigation only three Sunday Schools, we ask that each church strive to have a Sabbath School and recommend that they use the Freewill Baptist Literature.

J. W. NOBLES, Chairman.

Report of Temperance Committee.

We your committee, beg to make the following report: We find some of the members more intemperate than a year ago and ask that the churches pray earnestly that each member become more Temperate in the future than in the past. R. G. B.HORNE, Chairman

G. B.HORNE, Chai

Report on State of Churches and Ministers.

We, your committee, beg leave to make the following report: We find all the churches in good standing except Bay Springs, which we find out of order, and recommend that the Executive Committee meet with the church, at their next regular meeting and try to settle the case of Bay Springs church and J M Dunn, as party of first part and B F Horne, R L Horne and C J Horne as party of the Second part, and report to Clerk of the Association so he can insert report in the minutes.

We find all of our ministers in good standing except Elders P C Canada and **B** W. Martin, we find them out of order, and recommend that their churches look after them, we also find Elder 1' F Horne, out of order. Respectfully submitted. A. G. +0.00, Craeman.

Report of the Executive Committee November 1, 1919.

We, the Executive Committee of the Georgia Union Association have visited Bay Springs Church and investigated the case of Bay Springs Church and Elder J M Dunn as party of the first part and B F Horne, R L Horne, and C J Horne, as party of the Second part and have perfected a settlement in the church and litigation pending in the courts the solid J M Dann agres to take the same from the courts and his attorneys.

A. G. COOK. J. R. LACEY A. J. DUNAWAY, R. M. McGLAMORY

Committee.

Report of Resolution Committee.

We, your committee beg leave to make our report: We find our selves as a denomination in need of an Orphans' Home for the F eewill Baptists to be located somewhere in Georgia, we ask the co-ope ation of all the associations in Georgia and pray that all will take hold and help perfect one. A. J. DUNAWAY, Chairman.

Report of the Finance Committee

We, your committee, have received from the various churches \$93.00, find that the Association indebted to the Clerk for minutes of last year \$1.50 after payment of same leaves a balance of \$91.50; paid to correspondences their expenses.

Elde s A J Parler, \$7.70: J J Jones, \$7.00; McInvale, \$7.00 L S Yates, 511.60; C C Butler, \$8,75; W T Rustin, Clerk, \$10.00 Total Amount Paid Out, \$51.35.

We further find all reports from our Treasurer co.rect. and beg to recommend him asan efficient Tensure :. ELDER NEAL H. PARISH, Chairman.

Report of Home Mission Committee.

We find in the Treasury from last session \$43.19. received this session, \$12.10, Total Amount \$55.29. Paid out to N H Parish, \$8.30, Balance in Treasury, \$46.99. Georgia Union nited Free-Will Baptist Association

We ask that each church take up a collection each quarter and send it to the next session of the Association. We feel as though we are not doing what we should on that line and we pray that each member will become more interested in the cause of Home Missions.

ELDER N. G. POWELL, Chairman.

OBITUARIES

Bro. Joe Simmons, was born in 1847 and departed this life on Feb. 25th, 1919 and was a devout Christian and was a member of Ch istian Hill Church for about 25 years was a deacon at that church for many years. He was greatly loved by all the members of his church and all who knew him.

We truly hope our loss is his eternal gain.

Rest on loved one until we meet again where bright flowers are blooming gay and lost ones have gone before.

We will greet him on the golden Shore, in that fair land beyond the sea there united we hope to be around the throne of gold.

We will sing Hosanna to His Holy name.

BARTLETT BARKER, Church Clerk.

Sister R G B Horne of Bay Springs church, departed this life on January 25th, 1919. She was a faithful member, and was loved by all who knew her.

Sleep on Dear Sisteruntil we greet you on the Golden Shore, where sad parting comes no more.

N. G. POWELL, Pastor.

God in his Alwise wisdom has visited Antioch church and taken sister E. Carnes from us. She departed this life on Occober 18th. 1918. She leaves a heartbroken hushand and severel children to mourn their lers. She suffered very much, but was obedient to the will of God so we feel our loss is her a eternal gain.

ELDER B. F. HORNE, Pastor.

God in his Alwise wisdom has visited Loves Chapel church and taken sister Mattie Bridges from our midst. She was born January 30, 1889, and departed this life January 24, 1919.

She leaves her husband and eight children and her old blind mother and other relatives and friends, also her church to mourn her death. But our loss is her eternal gain.

Written by her loving cousin and sister in the church.

M. A. H.

By motion this body recommended Elder Neal H. Parrish to the State Convention for an Evangelist for the State of Georgia.

The next session of the Union meeting will convene with Double Branch church, corresponding on Friday night before the fifth Sunday in May 1920. The introductory sermon to be preached by Flder N G Powell: B W Powell, alternate,

Delegates will be met at Pinehu st and Hawkinsville, Ga. W. H. HOLMES, Moderator, J. W.NOBLES, Clerk.

Churches, Clerks and Postoffices.

Antioch-J H Owen Pitts,	
Alamo-H C Coleman, Alamo,	Ga.
Bay Springs-J W HorneEastman,	Ga.
Bethlehem-A E Holt Cordele,	Ga.
Christian Hill-Bartlett Barker Cordele,	Ga.
Center Grove-R L Carroll Seville,	Ga.,
Double Branch-D A DunawayUnadilla,	Ga.
Mt. Arrarat-J H Peacock Milan,	Ga.
Little Bethel-W O Knighton,Dudley,	Ga.
New Ebe:nezer-W O LangfordCochran,	Ga.
Freeewill Union-G S Myers Finlayson,	
Loves Chapel-W T Yawn, Vienna,	Ga.
Mt. Zion-W H Gray Sigurd,	
Pleasant Hill-W T Rustin, Vienna,	Ga.

MINISTERIAL ROLL.

Union Chapel-J R Rycock, Sylvester,	Ga.
C C Horne Columbus	G.1.
B F Horne,Planfield,	Ga.
W S King Rochelle,	Ga.
B W Martin, Pitts,	
W C Jones 1018 Elm St., Macon,	Ga.
A L Draffin, Milan,	
B W Peacock, Ashbu n,	Ga.
H V J EtheridgeHawkinsville,	Ga.
Neal H. Parrish Hahira.	Ga.
E W Wright Cordele,	Ga.
N G PowellEastman,	Ga.
W H Holmes Unadilla,	
J M Dunn Eastman.	
P C Canada Cobb,	
W C Coleman Alamo,	Ga.

LICENTIATES.

R G B HornePlainfiel	d, Ga.
E D Land Pineview,	
C Lowery Alam	o, Ga.
G H Cordle, Unadilla	, Gu.
N T Christian Vienna,	Ga.
W T Yawn, Vienna	a, G .
C J Pitts,R-8 Eastman	i Ga.

By motion the thanks of this body be tendered to the church and community for their hospitable entertainment of this body during this session.

Rev. W. H. HOLMES, Moderator, Pinehurst, Ga. W. T. RUSTIN, Clerk, Vienna, Ga. C. H. HOBBS, Treasurer, Cordele, Ga. Georgia Union United Free-Will Baptist Association

ARTICLES OF FAITH

1. We helieve that there is but one living, true and eternal God, the Father, of whom are all things from everlasting to everlasting, glorious and immutable in all His attributes.—I. Cor. 8:6: Ifa. 40:28.

2. We believe that there is one Lord Jesus Christ, by whom are all thirgs, the only begotten son of God, born of the virgin Mary, whom God freely sent into this world, because of the great love wherewith He loved the world: and Christ as freely gave Himself a ransom for all, tasting death for every man; who was buried and rose again the third day, and ascended into heaven, from whence we look for Him the second time in the clouds of heaven at the last day to judge both quick and dead.—I. Tim. 2:5. 6; Heb. 2:9; St. John 3:16; Rev. 1:7: Acts 24:15; I. John 2:2.

3. We believe that there is one Holy Ghost, the precious gift of the Father through His dear Son, unto the world, who quick-eneth and draweth sinners home to God.-St. John 16:7, 8: Acts 2:4; Eph. 3:1; Eph. 4:4-6.

4. We believe in the beginning God made man upright, and placed him in a state of glory without the least mixture of misery, from which he voluntarily by transgression, fell, and he that means brought on to himself a miserable and mortal state subject to death.—Gen. 2:17; 3:19.

5 We believe that God is not willing that any should perish: but that all should come to repentance and the knowledge of truth, that they might be saved; for which end Christ hath. commarded the gospel to be preached among all nations and to every creature.—Mark 16:15; Luke 24:47; John 3:15-17; I. Tim. 2:4.

We believe that no man shall suffer in hell for want of Christ who died for him, but as the Scripture has said, for denving the Lord that bought them; because they believed not in the name of the only begotten Son of God. Unbelief, therefore, being the cause why the just and richteous God of heaven will condemn the children of men; it follows against all argument that all men, at one time or other, are found in such ranacity as that through the grace of God they may be eternally saved.—Acts 17:30; Mark 6:6; Heb. 3:10; I. John 5:10.

7. We believe the whole Scriptures are infallibly true, and that they are the only rules of faith and practice.—II. Tim. 3:16, 17.

8. We believe in the dortrine of General Provision made of God in Christ. for the benefit of all mankind, who repent and believe the Gosrel.—Lube 14:16-20; Matt. 28:19, 20; Luke 13:3-5; Acts 3:19; Mark 1:15.

9. We believe that sinners are drawn to God, the Father, hw the Holv Ghost. through Christ His Son, and that the Holy Ghost offers His divine aid to all the human family; so as they ell might be happy, would they give place to His divine teachings: whereas, such who do not receive the divine impressions of His Holv Spirit, shall, at a future day, own their condemnation just, and charge themselves with their own damnation. for wilfully rejecting the offers of sovereign, grace.—Matt. 11:27; St. John 6:45. 65; Ps. 1:1; Tit. 2:11, 12; Jer. 22:29.

10. We believe that men, not considered simply as men, but

ungodly men, were of old ordained to condemnation, considered such who turn the grace of God into laseiviousness, denying the only Lord God and our Lord Jesus Christ who bought them, and therefore, shall bring upon themselves swift destruction; "Lut we observe that they, and such the Apostle saith because they receive not the love of the truth, that they might be saved, therefore the indignation and wrath of God is upon every soul of man that doeth evil, living and dying therein; for there is no respect of persons with God-Jude 1:4; II. Peter 2:1; II. Thess. 2:11, 12; Rom. 2:9-11.

11.. We believe that all children dying in infancy, having not actually transgressed against the law of God, in their own persons, are only subject to the first death, which was brought on them by the fall of the first Adam, and not that any of them d; mg in that state, shall suffer punishment in hell by the guilt of Adam's sin, for "of such is the kingdom of God."—I. Cor. 15:22: Matt. 18:2-5: Mark 9:36, 37; Matt. 19:13.

12. We believe that good works are the fruits of a saving faith, and that in the use of the means of grace, and not out of the use of those means, eternal life is promised to men.— Rev. 22:14, 15; Isa. 1:19, 20; Matt. 7:8; Jer. 6:16; Luke 43:34, 35.

13. We believe that no man has any warrant in the Holy Scriptures for justification before God through his own works, power or ability, which he has in and of himself, only as he by grace is made able to come to God through Jesus Christ; believing the righteousness of Jesus Christ to be imputed to all believers for their eternal acceptance with God.—Rom 4:24; Acts 8:20, 21.

14. We believe that all things are foreseen in the wisdom of God, so that God knoweth whatsoever can or cannot come to pass upon all supposed conditions; yet not as having decreed any person to everlasting death or everlasting life, out of respect or mere choice farther than He hath appointed the godly unto life, and the ungodly, who die and sin unto death.— Heb. 4:13; Prov. 8:22-31; Matt. 25:31-46.

15. We believe, as touching Gospel ordinances, in believers' laptism, laying on of hands, receiving of the sacrament in bread and wine, washing the saints' feet, anointing the sick with oil in the name of the Lord, fasting, prayer, singing praise to God, and the public ministry of the Word, with every institution of the Lord we shall find in the New Testament.—Mark 16:15-16; Acts 8:17; Acts 19:6; Luke 22:19, 20; John 13:5-17; Jas. 5:14.

16. We believe the Gospel mode of baptism is by immersion, and that the believers are the only subjects for baptism.— Matt. 3:16; Mark 1:9, 10; Acts 3:38, 39; Rom. 6:4; Col. 2:12.

17. We believe in a general resurrection of the dead and a final jungment at the last day.-John 5:28, 29; II. Cor. 5:10.

 We believe the happiness of the righteous is eternal and the torments of the wicked are endless.—Matt. 25:46.

CHURCH COVENANT.

Having given ourselves to God through Jesus Christ and adopted the foregoing articles as our confession of faith, we now give ourselves to each other by the will of God, and agree to the following church covenant:

I. We solemnly covenant before God that we will strive

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by His assisting grace to exemplify our profession by a corresponding practice. We covenant and agree as members of the church and as Christians to watch over each other in love for mutual upbuilding in Gospel faith, endeavoring to keep the unity of the spirit in the bond of peace, to be careful of each other's reputation, to confess our faults one to another, to strengthen the feeble and kindly admonish the erring, and to labor together for the building up of the church and the denomination, and the salvation of sinners.

2. We promise that we will faithfully and constantly maintain secret and family prayer, and religiously instruct those under our care.

3. We covenant and agree to use our influence to sustain the regular public wowship of God. contributing according to our ability and circumstances for the support of the ministry and other church expenses among us, that we will be benevolent to the needy and especially to the poor of our own church.

4. We also promise that so far as we shall be able we will attend upon public worshin and the social meeting of the church, and report ourselves regularly at the monthly conference, and that we will waik in all the ordinances of the Lord's house.

5. We coverant and agreen that we will abstain from all vain amusements and sinful conformity to the world, that we will not traffic in, use, nor furnish to others intoxicating drinks as a heverage, and that we will sustain the benevolent enterprires of our church and denomination, such as missions, education. Sabrath Schools, moral reforms, and all others which tend to the glory of God and the welfare of men, and may the God of peace sanctify us wholly and preserve us blameless unto the coming of our Lord Jesus Christ, that we may join the glorified around the throne of God, in ascribing blessing and honor and glory and power to Him that sitteth on the throne and the Lamb forever. Amen.

CHURCH DECORUM.

1. The church may choose a pastor annually at the last regular conference in the associational year; or, if they prefer, it may choose a pastor for an indefinite length of time to continue from year to year, so long as they may deem it proper to keep up the connection.

2. When it becomes necessary, a pastor may be chosen at any other time; but if the choice be made at a special conference, the time must be appointed at a monthly meeting of the church.

 The pastor shall be moderator of the church, but when he is absent or does not sit as moderator, some suitable brother shall be appointed to sit in his place.

4. There shall be two or more deacons in the church whose duty it shall be to superintend the collection and disbursement of the contributions made by the church for the pastor, etc., and to distribute the bread and wine in the administration of the Lord's Supper.

5. The deacons shall take notice of such members as refuse or neglect to partake of the Lord's Supper and endeavor to ascertain the cause, that the same may be laid before the church in conference if necessary.

6. Some suitable member shall be appointed clerk and it

shall be his duty to do all the recording and other writing pertaining to the business of the church, and to preserve a file of the monutes of the association.

7. When a new clerk is appointed, all the books, etc., belonging to the clerk shall be immediately delivered to him by his predecessor.

8. When it becomes necessary, a committee of not less than three make members well acquainted with business, shall te appointed, whose duty it shall be to give advice to brethren who apply to them relative to cases of dealing, etc., with the church.

9. The church shall hold a two days meeting monthly, embracing Saturday and the Lord's Day following, the first of which shall be the regular time of conference.

10. It shall be the duty of every member, male and female, to attend each conference meeting if they can, for on that day the pastor is expected to instruct the church in spiritual manner by giving plain and pointed lessons on doctrine, discipline and the rule of holy living.

11. Any male member who shall fail to attend three successive conferences, and any member whatever who may be generally remiss in attending the meetings of the church according the covenant (Article 10), shall be cited to appear in conference and answer for his neglect, but the church may exempt members from this rule if necessary.

12. Conferences shall be opened and conducted as follows: 1. Prayer (unless divine service has just been conducted and generally then). 2. Invite visiting brethren to seats. 3. Open the door for the reception of members. 4. Call for absentees. 5. For acknowledgements. 6. For references or deferred business. 7. For matters of dealing which are in order to come before the church. 8. Miscellaneous business.

13. Visiting brethren, as helps called in from sister churches, shall be allowed to speak and make motions or seconds, but not allowed to vote.

14. Any orderly member of the Baptist church who does not hold this church in membership, may be received into the church without a letter, when it is made apparent that his Christian character is unimpeachable, and that he has applied for a letter and could not obtain it because he desired to join this or some sister church. All other members must join by letter or baptism.

15. No member shall be received without the unanimous consent of the members present, but unreasonable objections shall not be valid, and unless withdrawn the member who makes them shall be liable to be taken under dealing by the church.

16. When the moderator calls for absentees, the clerk shall inform the church that members have been absent for three successive conferences, and the moderator shall appoint some brother or brethren to cite each of them to the next conference.

17. No member shall be expelled unless he has been cited verbally or in writing, to attend his trial; provided his residence be known to the church.

15. When a witness, not a member of the church, is introduced, he shall not be examined till the question has been put to the church: "Will you hear the testimony of this witness?"

19. The evidence in every case of dealing and acknowledgement shall be minuted in the church book. Georgia Union United Free-Will Baptist Association 11

20. Members dismissed from the church by letter who become disorderly, or continue to hold their letters without a good reason, shall be cited to the conference to answer for their conduct.
21. Expelled members may be restored to fellowship on

21. Expelled members may be restored to fellowship on their petition if their walk since expulsion has convinced the church that they have sincerely repented of their former evil.

22. A vote shall not be taken on any question without a move and a second, and in all important questions the vote shall be taken by rising on their feet.

23. No other motion shall be considered while a previous rotion and second is before the conference.

24.It shall be considered disorderly for a member to absent himself from conference when an important question is to be decided; but a member upon his request, may be excused by the church from voting on either side in peculiar cases.

25. No member shall leave the house during conference without a sufficient cause nor engage in conversation or whispering without being subject to be called to order by the moderator.

26. All discussions in conference must be conducted with calmness and good feeling; those who speak must rise to their feet and address the moderator, and keep to the point in debate.

27. No one shall speak more than three times on the same motion without permission from the moderator, nor shall the remarks of any one be unreasonably long.

28. When the moderator speaks he must nominate some brother in his stead.

29. No one shall be interrupted while speaking unless it be necessary to call the speaker to order.

30. It shall be the rule of the church to attend to the administration of the Lord's Sumer at least four times a year, and the expenses are to be naid by the church.

31. Members not in good standing shall not commune, but the administration shall not be deferred on account of any ordinary matter of dealing.

32. Feet washing shall be attended to as the church sees proper.

33. Public fasting, humiliation and prayer shall be observed on proper occasions.

34. This decorum may be amended or altered by the vote of two-thirds of the members present at any two successive monthly meetings.

ASSOCIATIONAL COVENANT.

¹² riving been, as we trust, brought together to organize an association by divine grace, to embrace our Lord Jesus Christ, to give ourselves wholly up to Him, we joyfully and solemnly envenant each other to walk together in Him with all humility and brotherly love, to watch over each other for good, and stir up each other to love and good works, not forsaking the freruent assembling of ourselves together with our neighbors to worship God according to his revealed will, as occasion may require, to warn, rebuke and admonish each other according to the Gospel, that the growth of the whole body in Christ and holiness in knowledge may be thereby promoted, to the end that



we may stand complete in all the will of God for the same purpose, we will uphold the public worship of God and the ordinances of his house, and hold constant communion with each other therein. We will cheerfully contribute of our property for the maintenance of a faithful ministry of the Gospel among us and for the extension of the blessed Redeemer's kingdom universally. We will not omit family and closet religion at home, nor allow ourselves to indulge in the too common neglect of the great and important duty of religiously training our children for the service of God and the enjoyment of heaven. We will also sympathize with each other in seasons of temptation and afflictions, and be ready to distribute to the necessities of the saints. We will especially pray for and with each other, for the churches universally, for the promised effusion of the Holy Spirit, for the prosperity of Zion and the ingathering of the elect, and may the God of peace, who brought again from the dead our Lord Jesus Christ, the great Shepherd of the sheep, through the blood of the everlasting covenant, make us perfect in every good work to do his will, that we may not only enjoy a name and place in the church on earth, but finally unite with his glorious church of the first-born in heaven. in ascribing blessings, honor and might, majesty and dominion to him who sitteth on the throne and the Lamb forever.

ASSOCIATIONAL DECORUM.

1. Each session of this Association shall be called to order by the former Moderator, when present, when absent, clerk, and in his absence, seniority of years as member of this Association.

2. Each session and adjourned sitting of this Association shall be opened and closed with prayer.

3. In the absence of the former clerk it shall be the duty of the Moderator pro tem. to appoint a Clerk pro tem.

4. It shall be the duty of the presiding officer at this point to call for corresponding letters and have same read. It shall be the duty of the clerk pro tem, to read the names of the delegates.

5. After reading letters, the Clerk shall proceed to call the roll and correct names and mark absentees.

 It shall be the duty of the body at this point to elect a permanent moderator, clerk and treasurer, which shall be done by nomination and rising vote or by ballot.

7. Each church composing this association, with a membership of forty or less, shall be entitled to two delegates, and for each additional twenty members or fractional part thereof, one delegate.

8. One-half of the legal number of delegates shall be sufficient to constitute a quorum, but a less number may meet and adjourn from time to time.

 This Association may determine the time its daily session shall commence and close.

10. It shall be the duty of each member of this body to be present at the time appointed for the daily session and any one wishing to retire shall first obtain permission from the Moderator.

.11. No member shall take final leave of the conference during its session without first obtaining permission from the body.

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12. Every member wishing to speak in conference shall first rise to their feet and address the Moderator.

12. No person shall be allowed to speak more than ten minutes at any one time, nor more than twice on any one subject without leave of the body.

14. No person shall be disturbed while speaking unless it be necessary to call him to order.

15. No debate shall be allowed on any subject unless it first be preceded by a move and a second.

16. The yeas and nays may be taken on any question before the conference by the request of one-fifth of the members present.

17. All talking and whispering during the business of the conference shall be suppressed by the Moderator.

 The Association may hold correspondence by messenger or otherwise with other religious institutions as it may deem advisable.

19. These by laws of the Association shall be read at each veril. Association near its commencement.

20. These b -laws ma le altered or amended by a majority of otres rt pro nermlar session of this Association.

21. There shall be an Executive Committee of Five discreet rethin appointed annually by the moderator or elected by the 'od who shall properly be the Association on recess, whose duties it shall be to superintend and say what disposition shall be made of the finances belonging properly to the Association, and the treasurer shall be one of the members.

Respectfully submitted, your Committee.

ASSOCIATIONAL CONSTITUTION.

1. A church proper in its lowest sense is a body of Christiers united and congregated together for the purpose of worshirping Cod and premoting His cause, and which the Gospel is negula ly preached, the ordinancies duly administered, and I'r min inles of holivess encouraged and macticed. Each thurch or hod thus formed is separate and independent in it elf. rossessing the right to direct its own affairs in its own wp., subject only in certain defficult cases to arbitration by sister churches. Such churches may, however, united in associational capacity for purposes of more thorough organization, efficient work and for the general and mutual good of all, without surrendering any of their individual rights. Therefore, the churches hereinafter mentioned resolve themselves into a body prelectionstin to be known as the Georgia Union Association of United Free Will Rantists, which shall meet annually et ush time and place as may be agreed upon by the body at its arrual meetings.

2. The Association, when assembled, shall be composed of all ministers of the Association, both ordained and licentiates, and of delegates or messengers chosen by the several churches from time to time for the purpose.

3. The delegates shall be chosen annually in such way as the church may elect, and shall hear a letter reporting the state of the church, which report shall give the statistics of the church, the number of delegates to be determined by the number of membership of the churches, provided, however, that

no church be allowed less than two delegates.

4. The officers of the Association shall consist of a Moderator, Clerk and Treasurer, to be chosen annually from the members present; Moderator and clerk to be elected by ballot.

5. It shall be the duty of the moderator to preside over the body during the session at which he is elected, call the next succeeding session to order and preside until a reorganization is effected by the election and installation of his successor. It shall be his duty to keep order, enforce the rule of decorum, decide all questions, discipline, and in case of a tie, to cast the deciding vote.

6. It shall be the duty of the Clerk to keep an accurate record of all the business transactions of the Association, superintend the printing of the minutes, and draw on the treasurer for the funds to defray the expenses of the same. He shall hold his office until his successor is elected and installed, and shall receive such compensation for his services as the Association may deem proper to allow.

7. There shall be an executive committee of discreet brethren appointed annually by the Moderator, or elected by the body, who shall properly be the Association in recess, and whose duties may be more fully defined from time to time by the Association. The Treasurer shall be one of the number.

8. When the Association is assembled a majority of all the members enrolled shall be required to form a quorum for the transaction of business.

9. All debates shall be conducted in a Christian and brotherly spirit; and all shall be allowed the privilege of speaking on any subject which is submitted to the consideration of the body.

10. Every speaker shall rise from his seat, address the Moderator, and keep to the question in debate and shall avoid all unpleasant reflections and personalities.

The head of the shall be used to be the twice on the tame question, seen by performance from the Moderator on the bar / 12. All questions shall be submitted by move and second, the first motion taking precedence in point of order. Every motion seconded must be acted upon unless withdrawn by the mover.

The business shall be taken up in order according to the subjoined plan, unless it becomes necessary to suspend the regular rules for a time for purposes which shall appear proper.
The Moderator shall, at each session, invite corresponding delegates from other lodges of our own order, and also ministers from other denominations to seats, who, when thus seated, shall be entitled to the friendship of honorary members.

Adopted at the organization, November, 1893.

GOVERNMENT AND ORDINANCES.

1. We believe that a Gospel Church, or a church of Christ, is a congregation of Christians constituted and governed according to the rules laid down in the New Testament.

 That those rules require churches to preserve the form of government and the ordinances of the first Christian churches and to be composed of baptized believers in Christ.

3. That the visible church as the aggregate or whole-number of Gospel churches, and that the invisible church is com-

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posed of the redeemed row in heaven, and of such Christians on earth as are not attached to the visible church, according to the Gospel rules.

4. That the establishment of a central or catholic government over the visible church, or any part thereof, is a devise of earthly ambition repugnant to the Word of God, subservient to the churches and dangerous to the liberty of men.

5. The Gospel churches are the only ecclesiastical bodies or tribunals authorized by the Scriptures; that each church has the unrestricted right to administer its own government without supervision or interference, being under Christ essentially, independent and absolute; and that if this right be surrendered to a superintendirg jurisdiction by delegation or otherwise, the assembly ceases to be a Gospel church.

6. That churches may nevertheless, we suppose, meet by delegates, form an association and declare the terms upon which they will keep up the correspondence. Lut that the rights and authority of churches teing inslim his, c in no wise common mised or hindered by entering int an association, and therefore an association has no authority over churches or individuals, their only power being to transact business which does not pertain to churches in their ecclesiastical capacity; to promote mutual intercourse, and a concentration of voluntary effort, and to give that advice to churches which might with equal authority be given by any individual.

7. That the authority of the churches is designed for the perpetuation of the true religion of the Gospel, and for the preservation of a true and orderly body of Christians on earth; that it is fully sufficient for the purpose intended, but that it does not extend to persons, property or the consciences of men in any manner whatever.

8. That the only requisites to church membership are faith in Christ and obedience to the Gospel; that faith in Christ necessarily exists in connection with the helief in the fundamental truths of Christanity, and that to prescribe any other requisite of such membership is an assumption of authority on the part of the church and a departure from the Gospel plan.

9. That the officers of a church are elders and deacons; that the elders are also called bishops or pastors; and all the elders are equal in rank, though they may perform different functions—since some may be the bishops or pastors of particular churches, while others may be simply elders, having no pastoral charge.

10. That the authority of a minister of the Gospel extends to teaching, exhortation and rebuke, but no further; that he cannot perform any acts that belong to the authority of the church—such as the reception of members into the church compact, or the expulsion of offenders; that as a member of the church he is no more than any other member, and if he is guilty of transgression he is to be brought to trial before his brethren and convicted or acouitted in the same manner as if he was a private person; yet we thin it mudent to crill in advisory help. creecially if the minister is to be tried uron a charge of heresy.

11. That Christian taptism is the immersion of a believer in water, in the name of the Father, and of the Son and of the Holy Ghost.

12. That the Lord's Supper and washing the saints' feet are ordinances to be observed in the church until the Lord comes.

13. That elders and deacons must be set apart to their office by ordination, or the imposition of the hands of the presbytery and prayer, without which they are not authorized to administer the ordinances pertaining to their respective offices.

DOCTRINAL VIEWS

I. We believe that the Holy Bible was written by mea divinely inspired and is a treasure of heavenly instruction; that it has God for its author, salvation for its end, the truth without any mixture of error for its matter; that it reveals the principles by which God will judge us, and therefore it shall remain with 2s to the end of time the true center of Christian union and the supreme standard to which all human conduct and opinions conform.—Rev. 13:14; John 5:39.

That there is one true and living God, whose name is Jehovah, the maker and ruler of heaven and earth, inexpressible glorious in holiness, worthy of all possible honor, confidence and love, revealed in the personal distinction of Father, Son and Holy Ghost, equal in every divine perfection, and executing distinct but harmonious offices in the great work of redemption. -Ex. 6:3: Psa. 33:18.

3. That man was created in a state of holiness under the law of his maker, but by voluntary transgression fell from that holy and happy state, in consequence of which men are now sinners, not by constraint, but by choice, being by nature utterly devoid of holiness required by the law of God, wholly given to the gratification of the world, of Satan and their own sinful passions, and therefore are under just condemnation to eternal ruin without defense or excuse.—Gen. 1:27, 2:7, 3:6, 19, 23.

4. That the salvation of sinners is wholly of grace, through the mediatorial office of the Son of God, who took upon himself our nature, yet without sin, honored the law by his own personal obedience, and made atonement for sin by his death; being risen from the dead, he is now enthroned in heaven; and uniting in his wonderful person the tenderest sympathies with divine perfection in every way qualified to be suitable, compassionate and all sufficient Sevior.—Epn. 2:5, 5:8, Rom. 7:11.

5. That the Gospel blessings which Christ in his fullness bestows on such as believe in him. is justification. That this justification consists in the pardon of sin and promise of eternal life, upon principles of righteousness; that it is bestowed not in consideration of anything we do, but solely through his own righteousness and atomement, and that it brings us into a state of most blessed peace and favor with God.—Rom. 8:30, Ezek. 18:28; John 3:14, 16, Rom. 8:17.

6. That the blessings of solvation are made free to all by the Gospel; that it is the immediate duty of all to receive them by a cordial and obedient faith and that nothing prevents the salvation of the greatest sinner upon zarth, but his own voluntary refusal to submit to the Lord Jesus Christ, which refusal will subject him to an aggravated condemnation.—Mark 16:16, John 17:20; Isa, 20.

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7. That in order to be saved we must be regenerated, or obedience to the Gospel; and that its evidence is found in the holv fruits which we bring forth to God.—John 3:3-8, Matt. 3:8-10.

8. That election is the gracious purpose of God, according to which he regenerates, sanctifies and saves sinners, it being perfectly consistent with the free agency of man, that it comprehends all means with the end; that it is a glorious display of God's goodness, being infinitely wise. holy, unchangeable; born again; that regeneration consists of giving a holy disposition to the mind and is affected in a manner above our comprehension by the power of the Holy Spirit, producing voluntary that it utterly excludes hoasting and nromotes humility, praver, praise, trust in God and active imitation of his free mercy, that it encourages the use of means in the highest degree; that it is the foundation of Christian assurance, and that to ascertain it with regard to ourselves, demands and deserves our utmost diligence.

9. That the preserving attachments of true believers to Christ is the grand mark which distinguishes them from superficial possessors: that a special Providence watches over their welfare, and that they are lept by the power of God through faith unto salvation.—Eph. 1:1-2.

10. That the law of God is the eternal, unchangeable rule of his Government: that it is holy, just and good; that the inability which the Scriptures ascribe to fallen man to fulfill its precepts, arises entirely from his love of sin; to deliver him through a mediator to unfeigned obedience to the holy law, is one design of the Gospel and of the means of grace connected with the establishment of the visible church.—Matt. 5:13, Luke 10:13-20, 14:17.

11. That the first day of the week is the Lord's day, or Christian Sabhath: that it should be kept sacred to religious purposes by abstaining from all secular labor and recreation; by the direct observance of all means of grace, both public and private, and preparation for that rest which remains for the children of God.—Ex. 19:8, Heb. 4:9, Thess. 1:7, Psa. 16:9.

12. That civil government is of divine appointment for the interest and good order of human society, that magistrates are to be prayed for conscientiously, honored and obeyed in all things not contrary to the will of our Lord Jesus Christ, who is the Lord of the conscience and Prince of the kings on earth.— Ex. 23:7, Acts 23:5, Tim. 5:17.

13. That there is a radical and essential difference between the righteous and the wicked; that such only as are justified by faith in the name of the Lord Jesus. and sanctified by the Snirit of God are truly righteous in his esteem, while such as continue in impenitence and in unbelief, are in his sight wicked and under this curse, and this distinction holds good among men both in and after death.—Matt. 25:46; Mark 16:16.

14. That the end of this world is approaching, when Christwill descend from heaven and raise the dead from their graves to final retribution; that a solemn separation will then take place, the righteous being adjudged to everlasting happiness, and the wicked to endless punishment, and this judgment will fix forever the final state of man in heaven or hell, on principles of righteousness.—John 5:25, Matt. 25:34:41:46.

DEACON'S DUTY.

BY J. H. JENKINS.

1. From a Bible standpoint .

2. From the Baptist usage standpoint.

The first apostolic church in Jerusalem in A. D. 32, the first year of its existence as such, found it necessary to ordain deacons. The twelve pastors did not find it convenient to attend to all that was required of them, and so neglected some of the widows who probably needed both spiritual and financial assistance. To meet this need, and in order that the pastors might give themselves continually in prayer and to the ministry of the Word, seven men of honest repute, full of the Holy Ghost and of wisdom, were selected from their number and ordained deacons or helpers. It is the duty of the bishops or elders to rule in the house of God, to feed the flock of God, as the Greek work translated "bishop" or "elder" means overseer. . It is the duty to act as general overseer and superintendent of the church, and direct its agencies for the upbuilding of the church and the cause of Christ. The word translated, deacon means helper or assistant overseer. The deacon is the deputy or assistant of the pastor or elder. Like an elder, he must be a man of upright Christian character, whose habits and passions must be circumscribed within due bounds, and especially should he rule well in his own household. The New Testament gives him authority to read and expound the Scriptures and to baptize.

As to Baptist usages. When our deacons are ordained we usually give them in charge of certain dutics, the following generally being enumerated: They are to obtain and nrepare (at the church's expense) the emblems of the Lord's Supper, and the necessary service for its administration. They are to assist the elders in distributing this sacrament among the people. They are charged to look after the pastor of their church, making due inquiry into his financial needs; and thus to make efforts to have his wants supplied. They are charged to look after the poor of the church, and if there he any cases demanding charity, to bring them to the attention of the church.

They are especially charged to visit those of the church whom they know to be distressed either in mind of body, and to give them words of encouragement, comfort or consolation, endeavoring to bring relief to their oppressed or suffering circumstances. They are charged as pastorial assistants in the oversight of the church, to take due note of those members who absent themselves from the regular service and of those who do not commune with the church, to ascertain the cause of same, and exercise proper diligence, when possible to remove said cause. They are of course charged to visit members who are guilty of conduct unbecoming a Christian as implied above. but this duty is not confined to the deacons.

It is the duty of every member of the church, male and female, to take a Gospel interest in every other member as much as possible, to assist them in working out their salvation creditably to themselves, honorably to the church, and devotedly to God. Georgia Union United Free-Will Baptist Association 19

DUTY OF PASTORS TO CHURCHES.

i. The kind and the extent of the different gifts which God hestows upon the different Christians are according to His wise eternal purpose and designed to promote the holiness and heppiness of His Fingdom.

2. All these pifts, therefore, should be so employed as is best adented to accomplish this end.

3. The pastors should quietly and meekly exhort their followers, and teach them to observe the truth without the hope of reward, not injuring the cause of Christ, but edifying those that follow him, and the followers permitted to gather spiritual things of the pastors.-Jer. 3:15: 10:21: 17:16; 22:23; 28:1; Fnh. 4:11. 12. The duty of the shepherd to watch the flock .--Gen 30:40; Ezek. 34:5. 6. To find pastorage .- I. Kings 18:5, 6; Sol. 1:7, 8; 7:1; 2:3. Used as a figure .- Ezek. 34:2. 3, 8, 9 10. To care for the young and disalled -Gen. 31:38; 33:13, 14: Fzek. 34:4. 5. To be responsible for losses .- Gen. 31:39. To Feet off wild primals _ Amos S:12: I, Sam 17:34-36. Duty of ministers to preach the dostrine _J. Som. 12:7: I. Cor. 1:23; 2.2: 3:9, 10; II, Cor. 4:5: 5:11: II. Tim 2:4. To shun error .-Matt. 15:13, 14; Acts 20:29; J. Tim. 1:6, 7; 6:3-5; II. Tim. 2:16-18. To reprove with kindness, vet with necessary harshness. Ministers must set a good example to maintain good order.-I. Cor. 14:26, 27, 28, 34, 35, 40.

CHURCH ORGANIZATION.

Preliminaries. When several believers wish to be organized into a church, they request a council from some sister church. This council or committee (commonly called an arm) examines into the Christian character, doctrine and fellowship of the applicants, and their ability to sustain a church. If the examination is satisfactory, the organization proceeds as follows:

The Bible is presented as the only rule of faith and practice. A church covenant is read and adopted. A prayer of consecration is offered. The hand of fellowship is given. The church then proceeds to elect its cilicers, which are a clerk, a treasurer, a pastor, and a board of directors, who constitute, with the pastor, a committee to promote order, activity, attendance, and the means of grace, benevolence, and sufficient discipline in the church. Deacons should possess sound piety, good business capacity and large benevolence. They hold office at the pleasure of the church. They assist in baptism and the Lord's Supper, have care of the poor, and conduct religious meetings in the absence of the pastor.

Statistical Table

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					Faith Letter	Purposes		(4 1)		
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	Christian Hill Wilcox J. D. Little Center Grove Wilcox W. S. King Double Branch Dooly W. H. Holmes Freewill Union Pulaski B W Peacock Little Bethel Bleckly W. H. Holmes Loves Chapel Dooly W. H. Holmes	42		3.10 7.23		5.00		104.2 30.00 75.00 43.70 69.25	$ _{} ^2$ $ 1 _{}$ $ 1 _{}$	
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